

## MTH1W Grade 9 Mathematics

## 4.7 Rotations of Lines

- Goal(s)**
- To sketch the graph of a line after it has been rotated  $90^\circ$  or  $180^\circ$  around the origin either clockwise or counterclockwise
  - Write the equation of a line that has been rotated  $90^\circ$  or  $180^\circ$  around the origin either clockwise or counterclockwise
  - Explain the meaning of parallel and perpendicular lines

Determine the slope of each line.

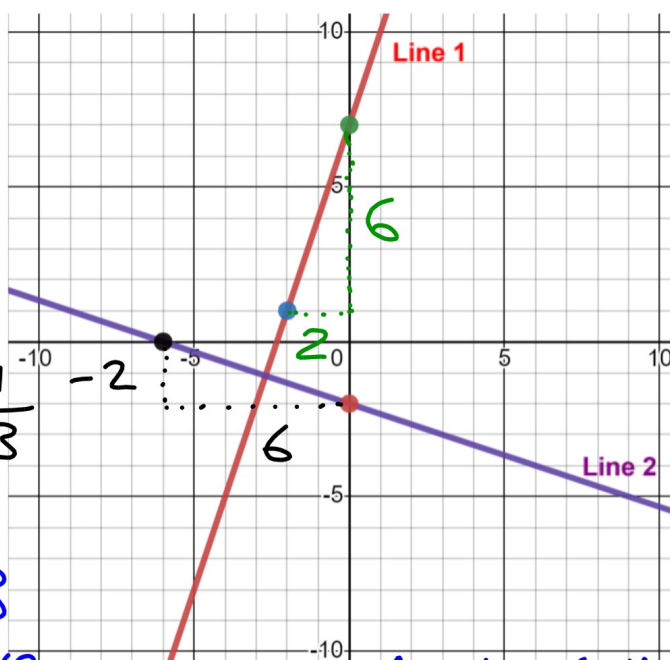
Line 1:  $m = \frac{6}{2}$   
 $= 3$

Line 2:  $m = \frac{-2}{6} = -\frac{1}{3}$

What do you notice about the slopes?

Both have a 3  
 One is positive  
 the other is negative

The product of the slopes is  $-1$ .

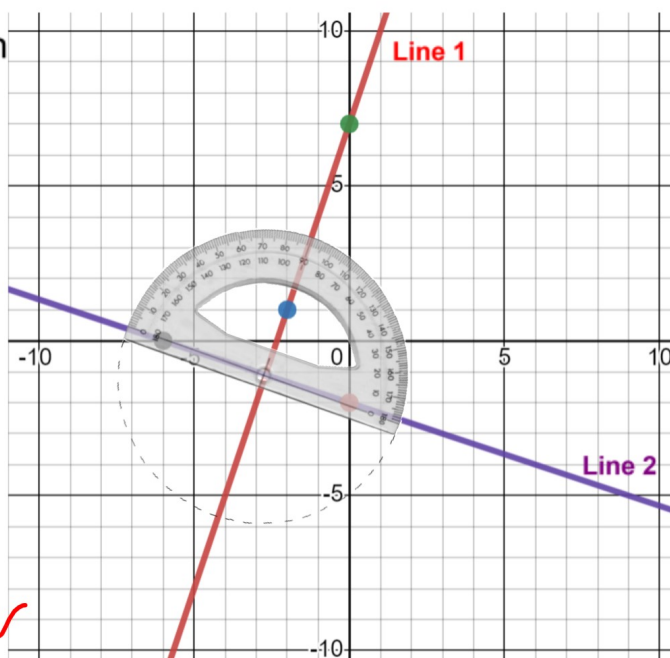


Measure the angle between the lines at the point where they intersect.

$90^\circ$

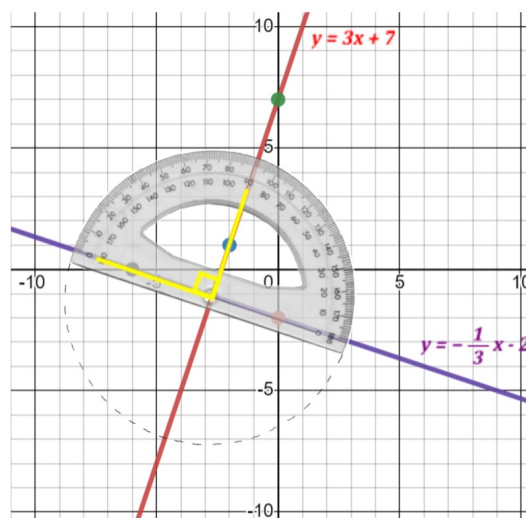
What type of lines are these?

They are perpendicular



**Perpendicular lines** intersect at  $90^\circ$  (a right angle). The **slopes** of perpendicular lines are **negative reciprocals** (two numbers whose product is  $-1$ ).

A perpendicular line can be created by rotating a line  $90^\circ$  about a point.



Identify pairs of **perpendicular** lines. State the slopes of each pair.

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x - 8$$

$$y = \frac{4}{5}x$$

$$y = -3x + 10$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{3}x - 2$$

$$y = -2x - 12$$

$$y = -7x + 6$$

$$y = -\frac{5}{4}x + 1$$

$$y = 3x + 7$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow -2$$

$$3 \rightarrow -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{4}{5} \rightarrow -\frac{5}{4}$$

The slopes are the negative reciprocals of each other.

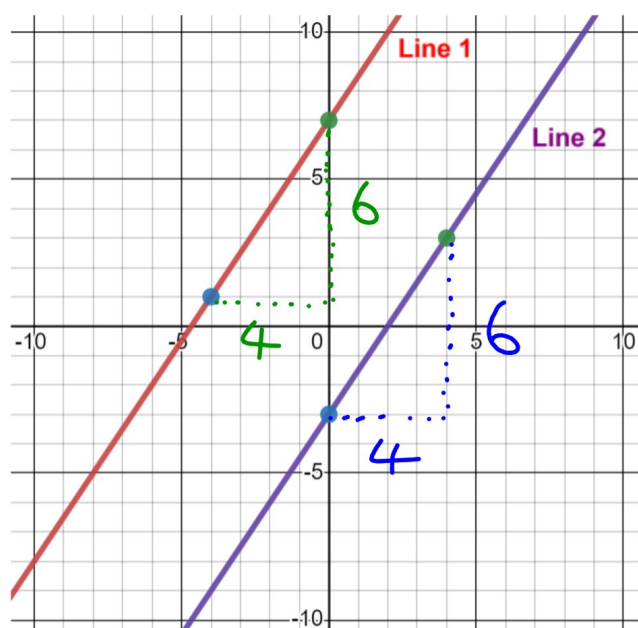
Determine the slope of each line.

Line 1:  $m = \frac{6}{4} = \frac{3}{2}$

Line 2:  $m = \frac{6}{4} = \frac{3}{2}$

What do you notice about the slopes?

They are the same

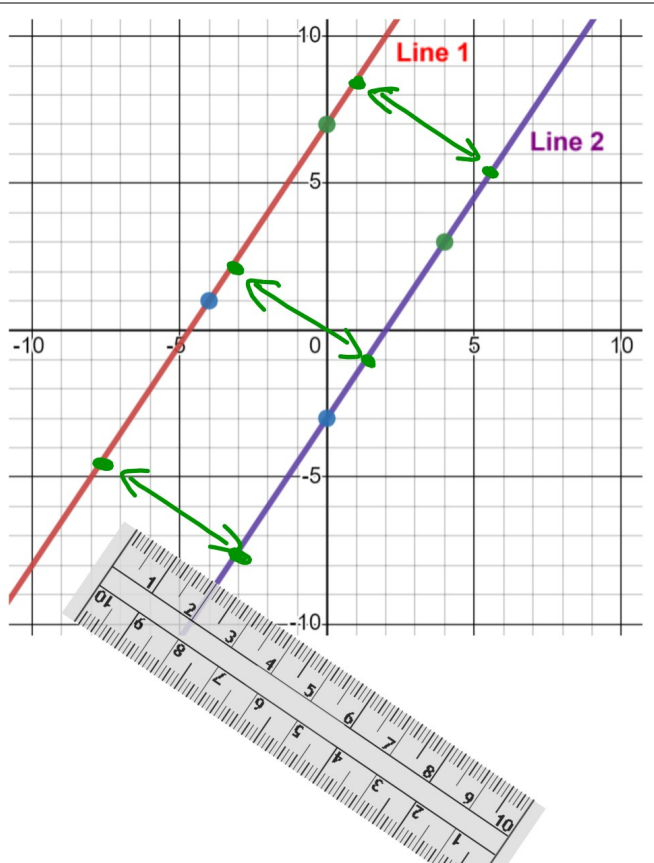


Use a ruler and measure the horizontal distance between the lines at 3 different points. Be as accurate as you can!

3.5 cm

What does this tell you about the lines?

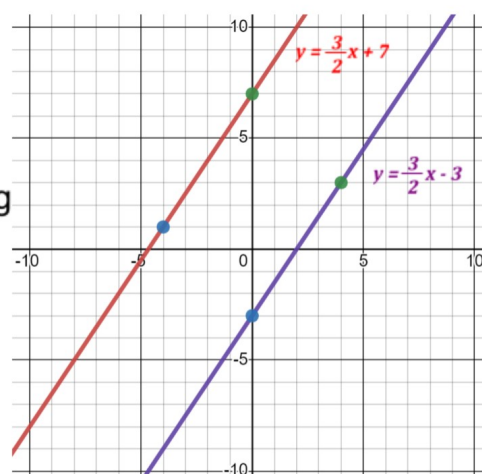
The lines are parallel



**Parallel lines** are two or more lines that run in the same direction and never intersect.

Parallel lines have the **same slope** and **different y-intercepts**.

A parallel line can be created by rotating a line  $180^\circ$  around a point.



Identify pairs of **parallel** lines. State the slopes of each pair.

$$y = -3x + 10$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{3}x - 2$$

$$y = -2x - 12$$

$$y = \frac{4}{5}x$$

$$y = -2x + 6$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x - 8$$

$$y = -3x + 7$$

$$y = \frac{4}{5}x + 1$$

$$-3 \rightarrow -3$$

$$-2 \rightarrow -2$$

$$\frac{4}{5} \rightarrow \frac{4}{5}$$

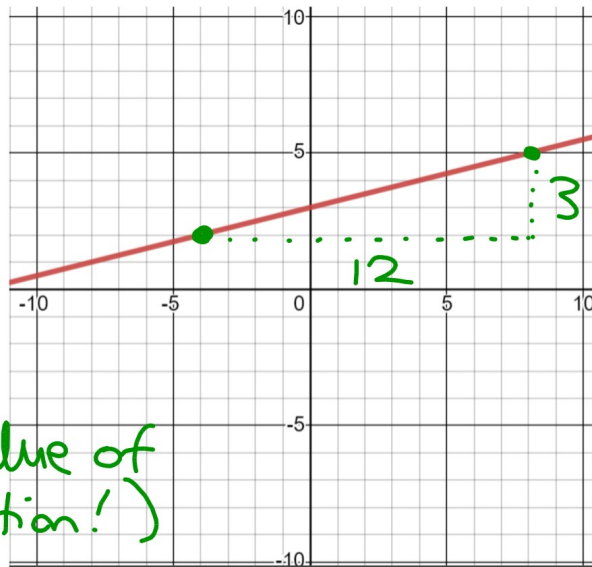
The slopes are equal to each other for parallel lines

The line  $y = \frac{1}{4}x + 3$  is shown in the graph.

State the slope of the line.

$$m = \frac{3}{12} \\ = \frac{1}{4}$$

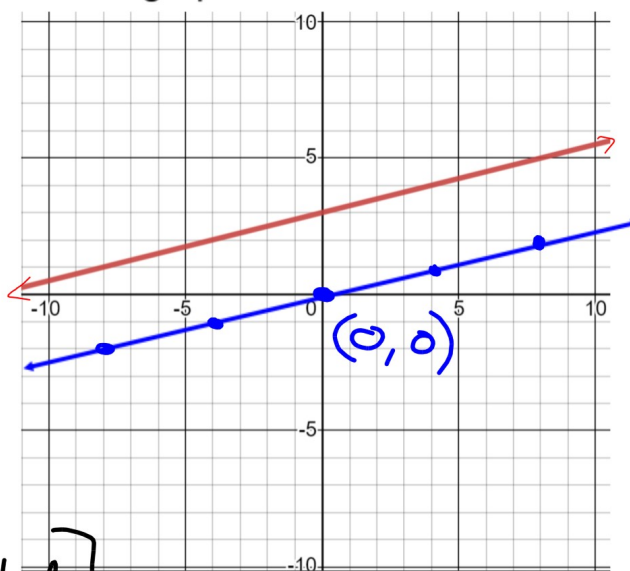
(matches the value of "m" in the equation!)



The line  $y = \frac{1}{4}x + 3$  is shown in the graph.

Sketch the graph of a **parallel** line that with a y-intercept  $(0, 0)$ . State the slope of this line.

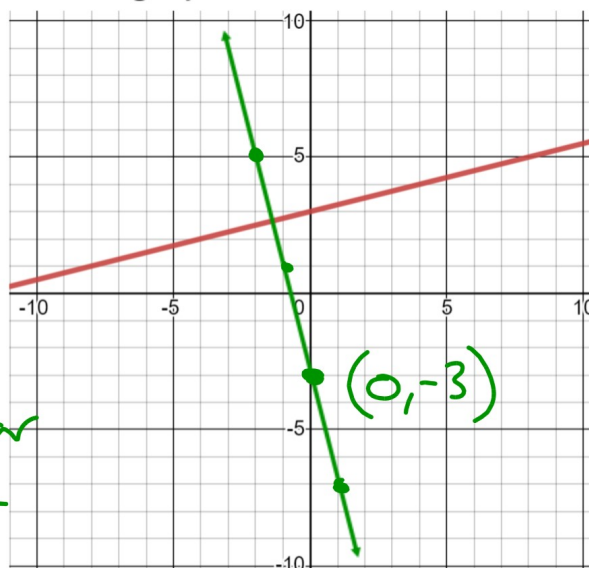
The slope is  
also  $\frac{1}{4}$   
[It has to be  
if it's parallel]



The line  $y = \frac{1}{4}x + 3$  is shown in the graph.

Sketch the graph of a **perpendicular** line that passes through the point  $(0, -3)$ . State the slope of this line.

New slope that  
is perpendicular  
to  $\frac{1}{4} \rightarrow -4$





Two streets have houses at each end. On the first street, one house is located at  $(2, 5)$  and the other at  $(-3, -1)$ . On the second street, one house is located at  $(-6, 1)$  and the other at  $(0, -4)$ . Determine if these two streets intersect and form a right angle. Provide algebraic evidence to support your answer!

$$\text{slope} = \frac{6}{5}$$

$$\text{slope} = \frac{-5}{6}$$

These slopes are  
the negative reciprocal  
of each other  
 $\Rightarrow$  They are at right angles (perpendicular)

