

Domain and Range

Part 1

Homework - Find the Domain & Range for the remaining graphs

Nov 4-10:28 AM

Warm Up

Simplify the following:

$$3\sqrt{28} - 2\sqrt{50} + \sqrt{63} - 3\sqrt{18} \quad (3\sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{10})(-2\sqrt{5} + 5\sqrt{10})$$

$$3\sqrt{4 \times 7} - 2\sqrt{25 \times 2} + \sqrt{9 \times 7} - 3\sqrt{9 \times 2}$$

$$3\sqrt{4}\sqrt{7} - 2\sqrt{25}\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{9}\sqrt{7} - 3\sqrt{9}\sqrt{2}$$

$$3(2)\sqrt{7} - 2(5)\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{7} - 3(3)\sqrt{2}$$

$$6\sqrt{7} - 10\sqrt{2} - 9\sqrt{2}$$

$$= 9\sqrt{7} - 19\sqrt{2}$$

	$3\sqrt{5}$	$2\sqrt{10}$
$-2\sqrt{5}$	$-6\sqrt{25}$	$-4\sqrt{50}$
$5\sqrt{10}$	$15\sqrt{50}$	$10\sqrt{100}$

$$-6\sqrt{25} - 4\sqrt{50} + 15\sqrt{50} + 10\sqrt{100}$$

$$-6(5) + 11\sqrt{50} + 10(10)$$

$$-30 + 11\sqrt{25}\sqrt{2} + 100$$

$$70 + 55\sqrt{2}$$

Mar 19-7:45 AM

Domain and Range

Domain: The set of all values of the independent variable (x) of a relation.

Range: The set of all values of the dependent variable (y) of a relation.



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When we are looking to describe the domain we are looking how far left and right a relation stretches on a graph.

If the graph is not a continuous line or curve, we look for the specific values that are used from the x -axis.

When we are looking to describe the range we are looking how far up and down a relation stretches on a graph.

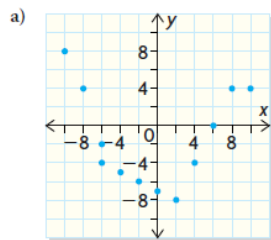
If the graph is not a continuous line or curve, we look for the specific values that are used from the y -axis.



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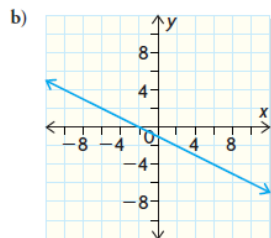
Example

Determine the domain and range.



$$D = \{-10, -8, -6, -4, -2, 0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10\}$$

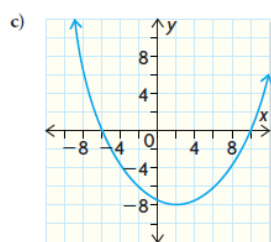
$$R = \{-8, -7, -6, -5, -4, -2, 0, 4, 8\}$$



$$D = \{x \in \mathbb{R}\}$$

x is an element of the real numbers

$$R = \{y \in \mathbb{R}\}$$



$$D = \{x \in \mathbb{R}\}$$

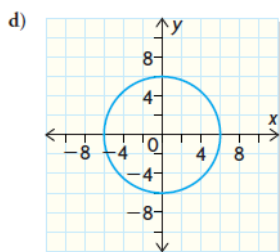
$$R = \{y \in \mathbb{R} \mid y \geq -8\}$$

y is an element of the real numbers such that y is greater than or equal to -8

Jan 21-13:24

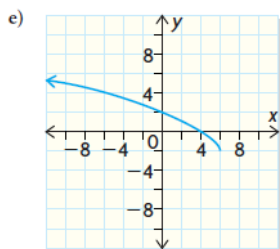
Example

Determine the domain and range.



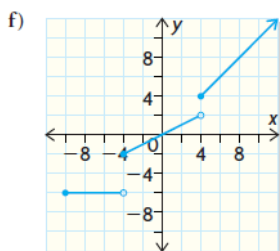
$$D = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid -6 \leq x \leq 6\}$$

$$R = \{y \in \mathbb{R} \mid -6 \leq y \leq 6\}$$



$$D = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \leq 6\}$$

$$R = \{y \in \mathbb{R} \mid y \geq -2\}$$



$$D = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \geq -10\}$$

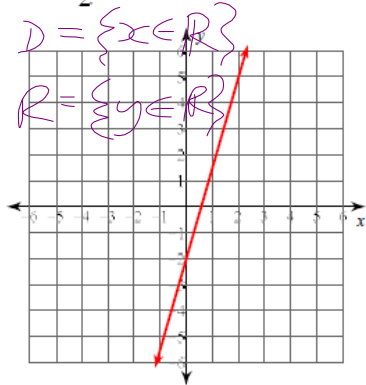
$$R = \{y \in \mathbb{R} \mid -6, -2 \leq y < 2, y \geq 4\}$$

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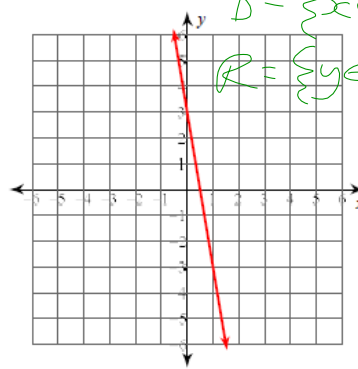
Domain and Range - The Line

Examples 1 and 2 from the Line Graphs Handout
Determine the domain and range.

1) $y = \frac{7}{2}x - 2$



2) $y = -6x + 3$



Is there anything that will change our domain and range for a line?

No! Will always be $\in \mathbb{R}$

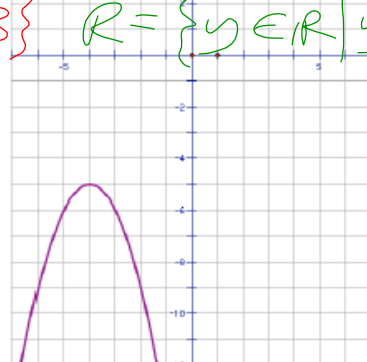
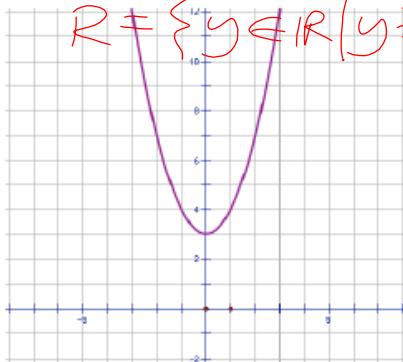
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Domain and Range - The Parabola

Examples 33 and 34 from the Parabola Graphs Handout
Determine the domain and range.

33. $f(x) = \underline{D = \{x \in \mathbb{R}\}}$ 34. $f(x) = \underline{D = \{x \in \mathbb{R}\}}$

$R = \{y \in \mathbb{R} \mid y \geq 3\}$ $R = \{y \in \mathbb{R} \mid y \leq -5\}$



What affects the domain and range of a parabola?

Domain \rightarrow Nothing

Range \rightarrow Vertex (y-value) and the direction of opening

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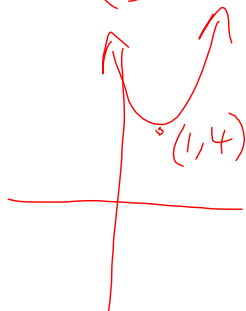
Domain and Range - The Parabola

Determine the domain and range of the following parabolas:

a) $y = 2(x-1)^2 + 4$

$$D = \{x \in \mathbb{R}\}$$

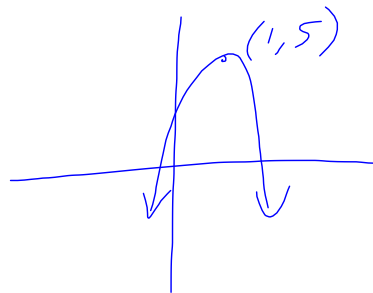
$$R = \{y \in \mathbb{R} \mid y \geq 4\}$$



b) $y = -3(x-1)^2 + 5$

$$D = \{x \in \mathbb{R}\}$$

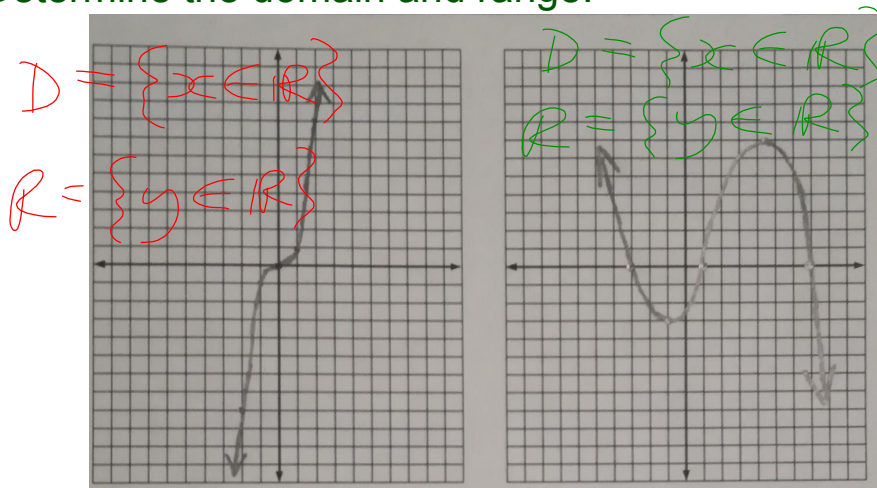
$$R = \{y \in \mathbb{R} \mid y \leq 5\}$$



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Domain and Range - The Cubic

Examples 1 and 2 from the Cubic Graphs Handout
Determine the domain and range.



Is there anything that will change our domain and range for a cubic?

Nope.

Jan 21-15:57

Homework

Complete the domain and range for each of the handouts given!



Mar 19-7:45 AM