Unit 1: Introduction to Probability				
1.00	**Prerequisite Skills**			
Learning Goals	I know how to use fractions, decimals, and percentages.	1	2	3
	I know how to use ratios and proportions.	1	2	3
	I understand what randomisation is.	1	2	3
	I know the attributes of playing cards and dice.	1	2	3
	I know how to organise, present, and analyse data.	1	2	3
1.10	**Simple Probability**			
Learning Goals	I can use probability to describe the likelihood of something occurring.	1	2	3
	I can measure and calculate simple probabilities.	1	2	3
1.20	**Theoretical Probability**			
Learning Goals	I can calculate theoretical probability.	1	2	3
1.30	**Comparing Experimental and Theoretical Probabilities**			
Learning Goals	I can recognise the difference between experimental and theoretical probabilities.	1	2	3
1.40	**Mutually and Non-Mutually Exclusive Events**			
Learning Goals	I can describe how an event can represent a set of probability outcomes.	1	2	3
	I can represent how a set of events are related.	1	2	3
	I can calculate the probability of an event occurring.	1	2	3
1.50	**Independent and Dependent Events**			
Learning Goals	I can describe how the probability of one event occurring can affect the probability of another event occurring.	1	2	3
	I can solve probability problems involving multiple events.	1	2	3
1.60	**Review**			
1.65	**Extra Review (if necessary)**			
1.70	**Test**			

After each lesson grade yourself from one to three on each learning goal based on the criteria below. This will help you to build a review plan for the end of unit assessment.

1. I need extra help with this concept

2. I need more practice with this concept

3. I can teach this concept to someone else

Unit 1 – Introduction to Probability

1.00 – MHR Page 4 #s 1 – 12

1.10 – MHR Page 13 #s 1 – 7 & 9 – 12

1.20 – MHR Page 24 #s 1 – 10

1.30 – MHR Page 32 #s 1, 2 & 5

1.40 – MHR Page 42 #s 1 – 7 & 9

1.50 – MHR Page 53 #s 1 – 4

1.55 – MHR Page 54 #s 5 – 8

1.60 – MHR Page 56 #s 1 - 13

1.65 – MHR Page 58 #s 1 – 8 plus BONUS

1.70 – **TEST – Introduction to Probability**